

Previous Years Questions

Q.1	Which of the followin (1) National park	ng is not included unde (2) Santuary	er in situ conservation : (3) Botanical garden		AIPMT 2006] reserve
Q.2	(2) International Con	e of Botanical Nomeno gress of Biological Na otanical Nomenclature of Biological Names		[AIPMT 2007]
Q.3	The living organisms their ability for : (1) Interaction with th (2) Reproduction (3) Growth and move (4) Responsiveness to	he non-living t [AIPMT 200	•		
Q.4	The highest number of (1) Mosses	of species in the world (2) Algae	is represented by : (3) Lichens	[AIP (4) Fungi	MT Pre 2012]
Q.5	Who proposed the ter (1) de Candolle	rm, 'alpha, 'beta' and 'ga (2) Turill	amma' in taxonomy? (3) Huxley	[CH (4) Lamarck	ET Chd. 2006]
Q.6	In which of the follow (1) Order	ving, organisms are ve (2) Class	ry much similar to eacl (3) Genus	n other : (4) Species	[BHU 2007]
Q.7	Bionomical nomencla (1) Linnaeus	ature was given by : (2) Whittaker	(3) Huxley	(4) Darwin	[BHU 2007]
Q.8	Genera Plantarum wa (1) Engler and Prantl	•	(3) Carolus Linnaeus	_	Vellore 2007] onquist
Q.9	New systematics and (1) Clementia	the concept of life was (2) Elton	s given by : (3) Odum	[Ch (4) Huxley	nd. CET 2008]

Q.10 In which book Benthum and Hooker proposed their classification? [WB JEE 2008]

	(1) Genera Plantarun(3) Historia Plantaru		(2) Species Plantarur(4) Historia Nature					
Q.11 Q.12	(1) Phenetics	oduced by Sir Julian H (2) Cladistics lowing statements corr	Huxley is also called :(3) Biosystematicsrectly defines the term	(4) Numeri	rala PMT 2008] cal Taxonomy			
	 [WB JEE 2008] (1) Identical name of two different plant. (2) Two or more names belonging to the same taxon. (3) When species name repeats the generic name. (4) Other name of taxon given in a language other than the language of Zoological / Botanical nomenclature. 							
Q.13	' <i>Oryza sativa</i> ' is a bin (1) specific name	nomial name of rice pla (2) specific epithet	ant. The 'sativa' stands (3) species name		[WB JEE 2008] nomenclature			
Q.14	External fertilization (1) algae	occurs in majority of (2) fungi	: (3) liverworts	(4) mosses	[DPMT 2009]			
Q.15	Largest number of sp (1) arthropoda	becies are traced in : (2) echinodermata	(3) bacteria	[((4) fungi	Chd. CET 2009]			
Q.16	 Taxonomic hierarchy refers to : [DPMT 2009] (1) Stepwise arrangement of all categories for classification of plants and animals. (2) A group of senior taxonomists who decide the nomenclature of plants and animals. (3) A list of botanists or zoologists who have worked on taxonomy of a species or group. (4) Classification of a species based on fossil record. 							
Q.17	 Which one of the following aspects is an exclusive characteristic of living things? [AIPMT 2011] (1) Perception of events happening in the environment and their memory. (2) Increase in mass by accumulation of material both on surface as well as internally. (3) Isolated metabolic reactions occur <i>invitro</i> (4) Increase in mass from inside only							
Q.18	The closely related a designated as : (1) Clones	morphologically simila	ar sympatric populatio (3) Clines	ns, but repro (4) Demes	ductively isolated, are [AIPMT 2011]			
Q.19	'Taxon' is the unit of (1) Order	: (2) Taxonomy	(3) Species	(4) Genus	[AIPMT 2011]			
Q.20	Floral features are chiefly used in angiosperms, identification, because[AIPMT 2005](1) Flowers can be safely pressed(2) Reproductive parts are more stable and conservative than vegetative parts							

(3) Flowers are nice to work with

(4) Flowers are of various colours

Q.21Which of the following is least general in characters as compared to genera?[AIPMT 2001](1) Species(2) Division(3) Class(4) Family

Q.22	Biosystematics aims at :	[AIPMT 2003]						
	(1) The classification of organisms based							
	(2) Delimiting various taxa of organisms a	and establishing their	relationships					
	(3) The classification of organisms ba	sed on their evoluti	ionary history	and establishing	their			
	phylogeny on the totality of various pa	arameters from all fie	lds of studies.					
	(4) Identification and arrangement of orga	anisms on the basis of	f their cytologi	cal characteristics				
Q.23	Species is considered as	[AIPMT 2003]						
	(1) Real basic unit of classification							
	(2) The lowest unit of biosystematics							
	(3) Artificial concept of human mind which	ch cannot be defined	in absolute ter	ms				
	(4) Real units of classification devised by	taxonomists						
Q.24	Which of the following is not true of a spe	ecies?		[AIPMT 2005]				
	(1) Members of a species can interbread							
	(2) Gene flow does not occur between the							
	(3) Each species is reproductively isolated							
	(4) Variations occur among members of a							
Q.25	One of the most important function of bot	[AIPMT 2005]						
	(1) They provide a beautiful area for recre							
	(2) One can observe tropical plants there							
	(3) They allow <i>ex-situ</i> conservation of gen							
	(4) They provide the natural habitat for w							
Q.26	Two plants can be conclusively said to be	[AIPMT 2000]						
	(1) Have more than 90 percent similar ger							
	(2) Look similar and possess identical sec							
	(3) Have same number of chromosomes							
	(4) Can reproduce freely with each other a	and form seeds						
Q.27	All given are suffixes used for category cl	-		[AIPMT 2008]				
	(1) -phyta (2) -opsida	(3) -phyceae	(4) –ae					
Q.28	Biological concept of species was given b	[AIPMT 2000]						
	(1) Lamarck; physiological isolation	lation						
	(3) Ernst Mayr; mechanical isolation	olation						
Q.29	Primary function of herbarium is :	[AIPMT 2006]						
	(1) α -taxonomic research	(2) β-taxonomic r	esearch					
	(3) ω taxonomic research	(4) All of these						

Q.30 Which one of the following is the first publication of Carolus Linnaeus? [AIPMT 2000]

	(1) Systema Natura	le	(2) Classes Planta						
	(3) Hortus Clifforti	anus	(4) Hortus Upplan						
Q.31	Type specimen des	cribed alongwith hole	otype is called		[AIPMT 2001]				
	(1) Paratype	(2) Isotype	(3) Topotype	(4) Lectoty	pe				
Q.32	Scientific name Ra	<i>ttus rattus</i> is an exam	ple of		[AIPMT 2001]				
	(1) Autonyms	(2) Tautonyms	(3) Synonyms	(4) Homon	iyms				
Q.33	Species belonging	to different time perio	od are called		[AIPMT 2002]				
	(1) Synchronic spec	cies	(2) Allochronic sp	pecies					
	(3) Sympatric speci	ies	(4) Allopatric spec	cies					
Q.34	NBRI is situated at								
	(1) Calcutta	(2) Bombay	(3) Madras	(4) Luckno	low				
Q.35	Which one of the fo	ollowing is not a corre	ect statement?		[AIPMT 2013]				
-		-	living plants for refere	ence.					
			aphs of plants and anim						
		mic aid for identifica							
	· · · •		l preserved plant specin	mens.					
Q.36	Which of the follow	ving statements is wro	ong for viroids?		[AIPMT 2016]				
	(1) Their RNA is of high molecular weight (2) They lack a protein coat								
	(3) They are smalle								
Q.37	Nomenclature is governed by certain universal rules. Which one of the following is contrary to the								
	rules of nomenclatu	[AIPMT 2016]							
	(1) When written b								
	(2) Biological names can be written in any language								
	(3) The first word in a biological name represents the genus name, and the second is a specific epithet								
	(4) The names are written in Latin and are italicised								
Q.38	The label of a herba	arium sheet does not	carry information on		[AIPMT 2016]				
	(1) height of the pla	ames							
Q.39	The genetic materia	al in tobacco mosaic v	virus is		[AIIMS 2016]				
	(1) ss DNA	(2) ss RNA	(3) ds RNA	(4) ds DNA	Ą				
Q.40	Assertion : Consciousness is considered as the defining property of living organisms.								
	-	-	ryotes to the most com	plex eukaryotes	s can sense and respond				
	to environmental st	[AIIMS 2016]							

(1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.

(2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.

- (3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
- (4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Q.41	Match column I with column II and choose the correct option.	[AIIMS 2017]
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Column-I	Column-II					
A. Family	I. Tuberosum					
B. Kingdom	II. Polymoniales					
C. Order	III. Solanum					
D. Species	IV. Plantae					
E. Genus	V. Solanaceae					
(1) $A - IV$; $B - III$; $C - V$; $D - II$; $E - I$	(2) $A - V$; $B - IV$; $C - II$; $D - I$; $E - III$					
(3) $A - IV$; $B - V$; $C - II$; $D - I$; $E - III$ (4) $A - V$; $B - III$; $C - II$; $D - I$; $E - IV$						

		Answer Key										
		(Previous Years Questions)										
Q.1	3	Q.2	1	Q.3	2	Q.4	4	Q.5 2	Q.6	4	Q.7	1
Q.8	3	Q.9	4	Q.10	1	Q.11	3	Q.12 1	Q.13	3	Q.14	1
Q.15	1	Q.16	1	Q.17	1	Q.18	2	Q.19 2	Q.20	2	Q.21	1
Q.22	3	Q.23	1	Q.24	2	Q.25	3	Q.26 4	Q.27	1	Q.28	4
Q.29	1	Q.30	1	Q.31	1	Q.32	2	Q.33 2	Q.34	4	Q.35	2
Q.36	1	Q.37	2	Q.38	1	Q.39	2	Q.40 1	Q.41	2		